

# Introducing Communication Theory: Analysis and Application

**Fourth Edition** 

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# Chapter 24 Spiral of Silence Theory

**Chapter Overview** 

- SST at a Glance
- Introduction
- The Court of Public Opinion
- Assumptions of SST
- The Media's Influence
- The Train Test
- The Hard Core
- Integration and Critique

## **SST** at a Glance

- Media have profound effects on public opinion
- Mass media work with majority opinion to silence minority beliefs
- Fear of isolation prompts those with minority views to examine beliefs of others

#### Introduction

- People with a minority viewpoint remain in the background
  - Communication will be constrained
- People with a majority viewpoint become more encouraged to speak

# **The Court of Public Opinion**

- Noelle-Neumann founded and directed Allensbach Institute
- The Spiral of Silence: Public Opinion-Our Social Skin, separates public opinion into
  - Public
  - Opinion
- Public opinion is the attitudes and behaviors expressed in public in order to avoid isolation

- Society threatens deviant individuals with isolation; fear of isolation is pervasive
  - Agreement on values decreases fear of isolation and vice versa
  - Research by Asch and Noelle-Neumann provided support for this assumption

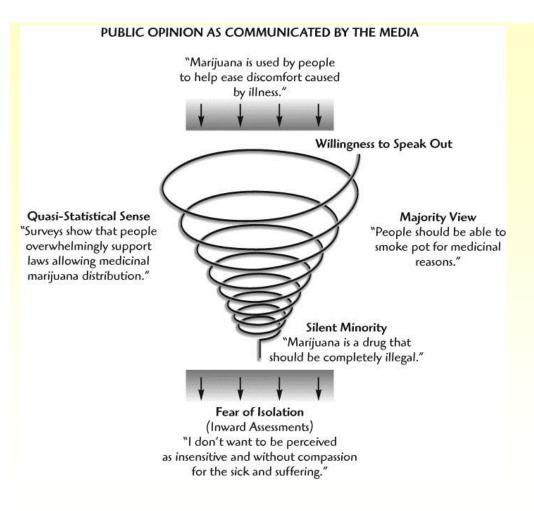
- The fear of isolation causes individuals to try to assess the climate of opinions at all times
  - Individuals receive information about public opinion from
    - Personal observation
    - The media

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- The fear of isolation causes individuals to try to assess the climate of opinions at all times
  - Quasi-statistical sense
  - Pluralistic ignorance

- Public behavior is affected by public opinion assessment
  - Public behavior takes the form of
    - Speaking out
    - Keeping silent
  - Humans avoid discussing topics when their viewpoint differs from the majority

## **Example of The Spiral of Silence**



#### **The Media's Influence**

- Most people alter opinions with changes in the media
- Media provides phrases so people can speak about a subject
- The news media gives the public a limited view of reality

#### **The Media's Influence**

- The media are
  - Ubiquitous
  - Cumulative
  - Consonant

- People experience the climate of public opinion through the mass media
  - Dual climate of opinion

#### **The Train Test**

- An assessment of the extent people will speak out
- The question: At the beginning of a 5hour train ride, a person sits next to you and starts discussing the problems of food safety. Would you talk or not talk about the topic to the person?

#### **The Train Test**

#### Findings

- Supporters of the dominant opinion are more willing to speak out
- Men from large cities, aged 45-59 are more willing to speak out
- Various ways of speaking out exist
- People share their opinions more with those who agree

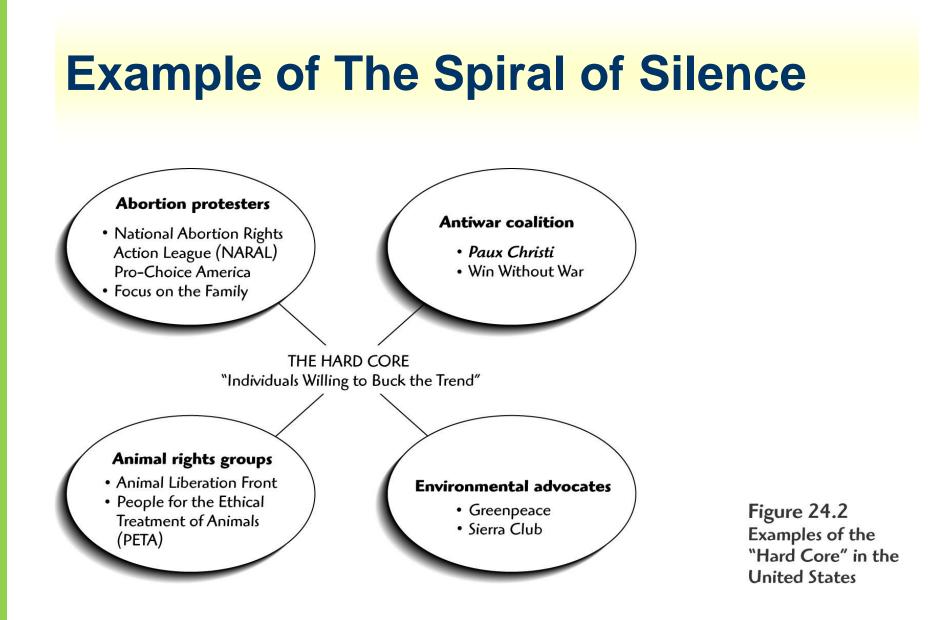
#### **The Train Test**

#### Findings, continued

- People will voice an opinion if it aligns with current trends
- People draw the strength of their convictions from a variety of sources
- People engage in "last-minute swings"

#### **The Hard Core**

- If the majority opinion becomes large enough, the majority voice becomes less powerful
- The hard core moved public opinion on AIDS



## Integration

Communication traditions

- Cybernetic
- Socio-psychological
- Communication context
  - Mass/media
- Approach to knowing
  - Positivistic/empirical

# **Critical Strengths of SST**

#### Logical Consistency

- Fails to acknowledge ego involvement
- Avoids the issue of selectivity
- Inadequate support for when people speak out
- Failure to test fear of isolation assumption

#### Heurism

- Attracts scholars
- Employed in studies on many topics